ROCKER FOXTROT

By Eva Keats and Erik Van der Weyden

Music: Foxtrot 4/4 Tempo: 104 Metronone

Position: Open, Closed Pattern: Set

Competitive Requirements – 4 Sequences

The Dance:

• The dance, which begins at the midline of the rink (half of the short side), forms three lobes toward the long side barrier and two toward the center of the rink. The pattern of the dance covers half of the rink, therefore one time around the rink is composed of two sequences of the dance.

- Steps 1 through 4, the same steps for both partners, are skated in Foxtrot position and form a lobe that initially opens toward the long side barrier and successively becomes parallel to it. This lobe consists of a LFO (step 1) a crossed chasse XCh-RFI (step 2), a LFO (step 3), followed by a RFI progressive (run, step 4).
- Step 5 for the woman is a LFO-swing-rocker for four beats total performed while the man skates a LFO (5a) and a RFO (5b) each for two beats; these steps are aimed initially toward the center of the rink, then parallel to the long axis, and finally toward the long side barrier.
- The woman's rocker on the second beat (step 5), preceded by a forward swing of the right free leg, which facilitates the execution of the turn, is executed by the woman only after the free foot has passed the skating foot, and, at the same time, the woman crosses the tracing of the man's skating foot (step 5a).
- The couple assumes Waltz position on step 5b.
- At the end of the rocker, the woman performs a soft bend of the skating knee that coincided with the bend of the man's knee on step 5b (RFO). The movement of the woman's free leg on the third and fourth beats of step 5 is free to interpretation.
- On step 6 the man performs a LFO aimed toward the long side barrier followed by a three turn (on the second beat) while the woman performs a RBO for two beats. The couple maintains Waltz position through step 7a, and on step 7b they resume Foxtrot position.
- Step 7a for the man (two beats), composed of a RBO beginning toward the long side barrier and becoming parallel to it, is followed by a mohawk LFO, 7b (two beats), which moves away from the barrier and toward the long axis.
- For the woman step 7 is a mohawk LFO for four beats in which the movement of the free leg is free to interpretation. With step 7b the couple returns to Foxtrot position.
- Step 8 is, for both partners, a XR-RFO aimed toward the long axis where the couple should perform an evident change of lean of the body baseline and a change of trajectory from the previous step.
- Step 9 is a progressive (run) for two beats that begins toward the long axis and becomes parallel to it.
- Step 10, a RFO that is brought toward the long side barrier, completes the lobe begun by step 8.
- With step 11, a two-beat LFO executed by the couple with the free leg extended in back, the man must maintain his partner close to his right hip to prepare for and facilitate the execution of the following step (closed mohawk), aimed toward the long side barrier and finishing parallel to it.
- Step 12, closed mohawk RBO (two beats), performed with the toe of the free foot placed to the outside of the heel of the skating foot, is executed parallel to the long side barrier and finishes away from it. After the closed mohawk, the partners continue a slow clockwise rotation of the body combined with sufficient pressure on the outside edge in preparation for step 13.
- During step 13, XF-LBI, cross-tracing of the skating feet occurs due to the shift in the woman's position that, after being made to drift slightly behind the man, allows her to place her foot on a RFI (step 14).
- Step 14, a mohawk RFI which concludes the dance bringing the couple parallel to the short side of the rink, must be skated by the man without stepping over the woman's foot.

During the evaluation of this dance particular attention should be paid to the following elements:

- Accuracy of timing, step technique, and the prescribed pattern and positions.
- Execution of the crossed chasse (step 2) with feet close and parallel.
- Step 5: execution of the woman's rocker on the second beat with well-defined edges; the woman's skating foot should cross the tracing of the man's skating foot.
- Steps 5a, 5b, and 6, for the man, must be clear outside edges.
- Step 6 for the man is a LFO (not a cross-roll); step 6 for the woman (RBO), is aimed toward the long side barrier and not parallel to it; step 6 for the woman is a stroke.
- Step 7 (for the woman) and 7a 7b (for the man): the partners must remain close and maintain Foxtrot position without separating. The control of this position after the man's mohawk is important because on the rotation of this step, if not controlled with good posture, tends to make the woman move in front and far away from the man.
- Step 11 must be an outside edge aimed initially toward the long side barrier, and successively parallel to it.
- Correct technical execution of the closed mohawk (step 12).
- Step 13 is for both partners a XF-LBI maintaining the inside edge throughout the step; often the woman, because she moves behind the man, tends to change her edge to outside.
- On step 14, mohawk RFI, the man must avoid stepping over the woman's foot.

ROCKER FOXTROT - KEY POINTS

SECTION 1: Attention Points

- 1. **STEP 5**: proper execution of the Swing-Rocker, keeping the outside edge before/after the turn, aimed toward the center of the rink. The woman's rocker must be preceded by a forward swing of the free leg (not a dropped chasse), all on beat 1 of the step. The execution of the woman's rocker is on beat two (2) with well-defined edges. The woman's skating foot should cross the tracing of the man's skating foot (step 5a).
- 2. **STEP 6**: proper execution of Roll (outside backward edge to a Stroke outside backward edge) in Waltz position (not Tango).

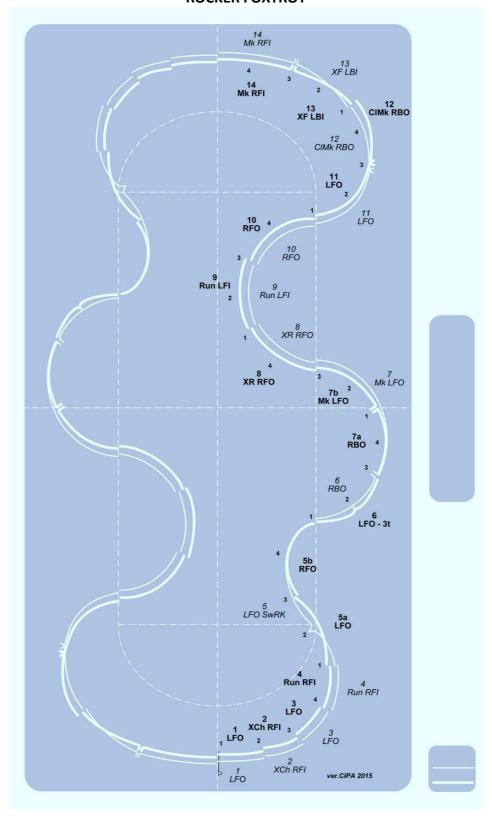
SECTION 2: Attention Points

- 1. **STEPS 11-12**: (LFO and RBO): Proper execution of the closed mohawk (the free foot becoming the employed foot is placed to the outside of the skating foot and successive stroke of the left foot to a forward position); maintain control of Foxtrot position of the couple during the execution of the closed mohawk.
- 2. **STEP 13**: proper execution of Cross Front, Step 13, for both partners a XF-LBI maintaining the inside edge throughout; (often the woman, because she moves behind the man, tends to change her edge to outside.)
- 3. **STEP 14**: proper execution of Mohawk, maintaining control of Foxtrot position; the man must avoid stepping over the woman's foot. The edge must be an inside edge, but it is often incorrectly skated flat (often the woman, because she moves behind the man, tends to change her edge to outside, or the man, because he step over the woman's foot, tends to change his edge to flat or outside).

ROCKER FOXTROT (104bpm)

		WOMAN's Step	DEATS	יאו וכ	lusic	MAN's Step
1st SECTIO	ON					
Foxtrot	1	LFO		1		LFO
	2	XCh RFI		1		XCh RFI
	3	LFO		1		LFO
	4	Run RFI		1		Run RFI
	5a	LEO Swel	1.1.2		2	LFO
Waltz	5b	LFO SwRk	1+1+2		2	RFO
	6	RBO	2		1+1	LFO-3t
	7a	MALLEO *	4		2	RBO
Foxtrot	7b	Mk LFO *			2	Mk LFO
	8	XR RFO		2		XR RFO
	9	Run LFI		2		Run LFI
	10	RFO		2		RFO
	11	LFO		2		LFO
	12	CIMk RBO		2		CIMk RBO
	13	XF LBI		2		XF LBI
	14	Mk RFI		2		Mk RFI

ROCKER FOXTROT



HARRIS TANGO

By Paul Krechow and Trudy Harris

Music: Tango 4/4 Tempo: 100 Metronone

Position: Outside, Open Pattern: Set

Competitive Requirements – 2 Sequences

CHANGES:

- Steps 1, 4, 7, 11 and 14 (for both skaters) and step 8 (for the man only) are X-ROLLS (XR). During these steps it is possible to "return" on the preceding tracing performed by increasing of the lobe in favor of the edge – before it was not possible to "return".

Clarification: step 22 the three turn for the woman is on beat two (2).

The Dance:

- The dance begins in Tango position, with the woman to the right of the man.
- All cross rolls: steps 1, 4, 7, 8(only for the man), 11, and 14, may show an increase of pressure on the outside edge, i.e. a "return" on the preceding tracing performed by increasing of the lobe in favor of the edge.
- Steps 1-2, one beat each, are respectively for the man a front cross roll XR RFO (step 1) followed by a crossed chasse XB LFI (step 2) and for the woman a back cross roll XR LBO followed by a crossed chasse XF RBI. They are skated parallel to the long axis and must show clearly defined edges.
- Step 3, a four-beat RFO for the man and LBO for the woman, crosses the long axis on the second beat of the step and finishes perpendicular to the long barrier. The partners, after completing the stroke with the free leg stretched in line with the tracing of the employed leg, return the free leg on the third beat (movement may be interpreted freely) and move into Reverse Tango position, the change of position beginning on the third beat and finishing on the fourth beat. The successive changes of position on steps 6, 10, and 13 are performed in the same way.
- The next sequence of steps (4, 5, and 6) begins for the man with a XR LFO (step 4) followed by a crossed chasse XB RFI (step 5) and a four-beat LFO (step 6); for the woman with a XR RBO (step 4) followed by a crossed chasse XF LBI (step 5) and a four-beat RBO (step 6); this sequence begins toward the barrier on the long side of the rink and finishes toward the center of the rink, parallel to the short axis.
- During steps 4 and 5 the couple is in Reverse Tango position and during the execution of step 6 they assume Tango position. On the last beat of step 6, the couple crosses the short axis and become parallel to it.
- The lobe formed by steps 7, 8, 9, and 10 begins in Tango position and finishes in Reverse Tango position.
- On step 7 (two beats), the man, moving to the side of the woman, executes a deep front cross roll XR RFO on the first beat toward the long axis followed by an outside rocker on the second beat that should show a pronounced outside edge on the exit. Following is a cross roll XR LBO (step 8) and a crossed chasse XF RBI (step 9), for one beat each. For the woman step 7 is a back cross roll XR LBO (for two beats), followed by a mohawk RFO (step 8) aimed toward the long axis and a crossed chasse XB LFI (step 9), both for one beat each.
- Both partners then execute a four-beat edge, step 10, which begins parallel to the long axis and finishes perpendicular to the long barrier with a LBO for the man and a RFO for the woman, during which the woman is moved from the right to the left of the man in Reverse Tango position.
- The next lobe consisting of a sequence of steps 11, 12, and 13 begins in Reverse Tango Position aimed perpendicular to the long barrier and concludes on step 13 (four beats) toward the long axis in Tango position.
- Step 14 (two beats for both partners), is for the woman a cross roll XR RFO on the first beat, directed toward the midline of the rink, followed by a three turn on the second beat; for the man it is a cross roll XR LBO, directed toward the midline of the rink, followed by a return of the free leg to prepare for the next step.
- Step 15 (four beats), in Waltz position, begins with a stroke LBO for the woman and for the man a mohawk RFO. Step 15 finishes with a swing for both partners that, on the second beat of said step, crosses the long axis and descends toward the short side of the rink.
- Steps 16, 17, 18, and 19 form a larger and more accentuated arc compared to the arc formed by steps 12, 13, and 14 that begins close to the short side and becomes parallel to the long side of the rink with step 18 and finishes toward the long axis with step 19. During the sequence of steps from 16 through 20, the couple assumes and maintains Foxtrot position.
- Step 16 for the woman is a choctaw RFI followed by step 17 LFO, for the man a LFO followed by a run RFI, both for one beat each.
- Steps 18 and 19 are each for 2 beats.

- Step 20 (four-beat stroke), which begins with a RFO from "parallel and" position for the woman and a LFI from "angular and" position for the man, is skated toward the long axis and finishes parallel to it with a swing-roll of the free leg in front on the third beat of the step.
- Step 21, for four beats in Promenade position, begins with a closed mohawk (LBO for the woman and RBI for the man) that crosses the short axis of the rink parallel to the long axis and finishes toward the long side barrier.
- Step 21 must be executed with good edges, and during the closed mohawk the couple must remain close and side-by-side.
- Step 22 is six beats for the woman and is divided as follows:
 - o First beat: choctaw to RFI in Foxtrot position.
 - o Second beat: three turn from RFI to RBO in Foxtrot position.
 - o Second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth beat of step 22: a RBO maintained for five (5) beats in Tango position.
- The man, corresponding to the woman's step 22, executes:
 - o An open choctaw (22a) on a LFO edge in Foxtrot position for one beat aimed parallel to the barrier (long side of the rink).
 - o A chasse RFI (22b) for one beat.
 - A LFO (22c) for four beats in Tango position which aims parallel to the long axis before restarting the dance in Tango position.

During the evaluation of this dance particular attention should be paid to the following elements:

- Accuracy of timing, step technique, and the prescribed pattern and positions.
- Accurate execution of the cross rolls, crosses, and crossed chasses
- Steps 3, 6, 10, and 13 are four-beat steps on outside edges, without changing edge on the fourth beat and not flat.
- The man's step 7, XR RFO rocker, must be on an evident outside edge.
- Step 7 XR LBO for the woman is on a defined outside edge.
- Step 8 for the woman is a mohawk RFO toward the long axis.
- Unison of the couple and timing during steps 7 and 8.
- The cross roll on step 14 is on a deep outside edge.
- Step 15 for the man: mohawk RFO.
- Step 16 is a choctaw RFI for the woman.
- Step 20 RFO for the woman is a stroke, not a cross front.
- Step 21 is a closed mohawk and lasts for four beats, on defined edges, not flat, with a good side by side position and with shoulders parallel to each other.
- Step 22: the couple should return their direction toward the center of the rink and parallel to the long axis before performing the restart.

HARRIS TANGO – KEY POINTS

SECTION 1: Attention Points

- 1. **STEPS 1, 4, 7, 8 (for the man only), 11, and 14:** are cross-rolls (XR).
- 2. **STEPS 3, 6, 10, 13:** four beats on an outside edge, without changing the edge on the fourth beat.
- 3. **STEPS 7, 8:** step 7 for the man (XR-RFO-rocker) and step 8 for the man (XR-LBO) must be clear outside edges; step 7 for the woman (XR-LBO) and step 8 for the woman (mohawk RFO aimed toward the long axis) must be clear outside edges. During these steps it is important for the couple to have good unison.
- 4. **STEP 14:** XR for both skaters executed with a clear change of lean, followed by a three turn for the woman. The lobe must be deep.

SECTION 2: Attention Points

- **1. STEP 16 (for the woman):** proper execution of Choctaw a RFI; the heel of the right foot is brought behind the heel of the left foot in preparation for this step, without stepping wide.
- **2. STEP 20:** a stroke step for the woman taken from parallel "and" position, and NOT a progressive (run) or a cross roll; during the swing, both partners should maintain the correct edges for four beats (outside for the woman and inside for the man).
- **3. STEP 21:** closed mohawk followed by a swing with unison of the free legs on beat 3 of the step.
- 4. STEP 22: correct execution of the choctaw and the correct edges before/after the turn and also correct timing of the Three Turn (for woman) and Chassé (for man) on beat 2 of the step; at the end of this step (22c) it is important that the couple aims parallel to the long axis to be able to perform a correct restart. Strong edge before and after 3t of woman.

HARRIS Tango (100bpm)

HOLD	No.	WOMAN's Step	BEATS of Music		usic	MAN's Step		
1st SECTION								
T	1	XR LBO		1		XR RFO		
Tango	2	XCh RBI		1		XCh LFI		
See Text	3	LBO *		2+2		RFO *		
T D	4	XR RBO		1		XR LFO		
Tango Reverse	5	XCh LBI		1		XCh RFI		
Can Taux	6	RBO *		2+2		LFO *		
See Text	7	XR LBO	2		1+1	XR RFO Rk		
T	8	Mk RFO		1		XR LBO		
Tango	9	XCh LFI		1		XCh RBI		
See Text	10	RFO *		2+2		LBO *		
Taura Davisus	11	XR LFO		1		XR RBO		
Tango Reverse	12	XCh RFI		1		XCh LBI		
See Text	13	LFO *		2+2		RBO *		
Tango	14	XR RFO-3t	1+1		2	XR LBO		
2nd SECTION								
Waltz	15	LBO Sw		2+2		Mk RFO Sw		
	16	Cw RFI		1		LFO		
	17	LFO		1		Run RFI		
Foxtrot	18	Run RFI		2		LFO		
	19	LFO		2		Run RFI		
	20	RFO Sw		2+2		LFI Sw		
T.Promenade	21	CIMk LBO Sw		2+2		CIMk RBI Sw		
Foxtrot	22a	Cw RFI-3t *			1	Cw LFO		
Waltz	22b		1+1+4		1	Ch RFI		
waitz	22c				4	LFO *		
* free leg free mo	vemen	t						

HARRIS TANGO

